National Immunisation Program Schedule 1 July 2020 For all non-Indigenous people



Age	Disease	Vaccine Brand
	Childhood vaccination (also see influenza vaccine)
Birth	• Hepatitis B (usually offered in hospital) ^a	H-B-Vax [®] II Paediatric or Engerix B [®] Paediatric
2 months Can be given from 6 weeks of age	 Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), hepatitis B, polio, <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b (Hib) Rotavirus^b Pneumococcal 	Infanrix® hexa Rotarix® Prevenar 13®
4 months	 Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), hepatitis B, polio, <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b (Hib) Rotavirus^b Pneumococcal 	Infanrix® hexa Rotarix® Prevenar 13®
6 months	 Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), hepatitis B, polio, <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b (Hib) 	Infanrix® hexa
Additional dose for children with specified medical risk conditions ^c	• Pneumococcal	Prevenar 13®
12 months	 Meningococcal ACWY Measles, mumps, rubella Pneumococcal 	Nimenrix® M-M-R® II or Priorix® Prevenar 13®
18 months	 Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) Measles, mumps, rubella, varicella (chickenpox) Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough) 	ActHIB® Priorix-Tetra® or ProQuad® Infanrix® or Tripacel®
4 years	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), polio	Infanrix [®] IPV or Quadracel [®]
Additional dose for children with specified medical risk conditions ^c	• Pneumococcal ^d	Pneumovax 23®
	Adolescent vaccination (also see influenza vaccine	9)
12–13 years (school programs) ^e	 Human papillomavirus (HPV)^f Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough) 	Gardasil®9 Boostrix®
14–16 years (school programs) ^e	Meningococcal ACWY	Nimenrix®

National Immunisation Program Schedule 1 July 2020 For all non-Indigenous people



Age	Disease	Vaccine brand	
Adult vaccination (also see influenza vaccine)			
70 years and over	Pneumococcal	Prevenar 13®	
70–79 years ⁹	Shingles (herpes zoster)	Zostavax®	
Pregnant women	 Pertussis (whooping cough)^h 	Boostrix [®] or Adacel [®]	

Funded annual influenza vaccinationⁱ

Children 6 months to less than 5 years of age

People 6 months and over with specified medical risk conditions

People 65 years and over

Pregnant women

a Hepatitis B vaccine: Should be given to all infants as soon as practicable after birth. The greatest benefit is if given within 24 hours, and must be given within 7 days.

^b Rotavirus vaccine: First dose must be given by 14 weeks of age, the second dose by 24 weeks of age

c Risk conditions are specified in the ATAGI clinical advice on changes to vaccine recommendations and funding for people with risk conditions from 1 July 2020.

^d Administer first dose of 23vPPV at age 4 years, followed by second dose of 23vPPV at least 5 years later.

e Contact your state or territory health service for school grades eligible for vaccination.

^f Observe Gardasil[®]9 dosing schedules by age and at-risk conditions. 2 doses: 9 to <15 years–6 months minimum interval. 3 doses: ≥15 years and/or have certain medical conditions—0, 2 and 6 month schedule. Only 2 doses funded on the NIP unless a 12–<15 year old has certain medical risk factors.</p>

9 All people aged 70 years old with a five year catch-up program for people aged 71–79 years old until 31 October 2021.

^h Single dose recommended each pregnancy, ideally between 20–32 weeks, but may be given up until delivery.

i Refer to annual ATAGI advice on seasonal influenza vaccines.

All people aged less than 20 years are eligible for free catch-up vaccines. The number and range of vaccines and doses that are eligible for NIP funded catch-up is different for people aged less than 10 years and those aged 10–19 years. Refer to NIP catch-up fact sheets. Adult refugees and humanitarian entrants are eligible for free catch-up vaccines.

- People >12 months of age with conditions that increase their risk of pneumococcal disease require a dose of 13vPCV at diagnosis followed by 2 doses of 23vPPV.
 Refer to the Australian Immunisation Handbook (*the Handbook*) for dose intervals.
 Not all risk conditions are funded under the NIP. For eligibility refer to the ATAGI clinical advice on changes to vaccine recommendations and funding for people with risk conditions from 1 July 2020.
- The NIP also funds vaccines for people of all ages with the following specified medical conditions (refer to the *Handbook* for dosing):
 - asplenia/hyposplenia (MenB, MenACWY, pneumococcal, and Hib if required)
 - complement deficiency (MenB, MenACWY)
 - undergoing treatment with eculizumab (MenB, MenACWY).
- Contact your State and Territory Health Department for further information on any additional immunisation programs specific to your State or Territory.

For more information

health.gov.au/immunisation

State/Territory

Australian Capital Territory New South Wales Northern Territory Queensland South Australia Tasmania Victoria Western Australia

Contact Number