National Immunisation Program Schedule 1 July 2020 For all Indigenous people





Age	Disease	Vaccine Brand		
Indigenous children (also see influenza vaccine)				
Birth	Hepatitis B (usually offered in hospital) ^a	H-B-Vax® II Paediatric or Engerix B® Paediatric		
2 months Can be given from 6 weeks of age	 Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), hepatitis B, polio, <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b (Hib) Rotavirus^b Pneumococcal Meningococcal B 	Infanrix® hexa Rotarix® Prevenar 13® Bexsero®		
4 months	 Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), hepatitis B, polio, <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b (Hib) Rotavirus^b Pneumococcal Meningococcal B 	Infanrix® hexa Rotarix® Prevenar 13® Bexsero®		
6 months	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), hepatitis B, polio, <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b (Hib)	Infanrix® hexa		
Additional dose for children in WA, NT, SA, Qld and children with specified medical risk conditions ^c	Pneumococcal	Prevenar 13®		
Additional dose for children with specified medical risk conditions ^c	Meningococcal B	Bexsero®		
12 months	Meningococcal ACWY Measles, mumps, rubella Pneumococcal Meningococcal B	Nimenrix® M-M-R® II or Priorix® Prevenar 13® Bexsero®		
18 months	 Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) Measles, mumps, rubella, varicella (chickenpox) Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough) 	ActHIB® Priorix-Tetra® or ProQuad® Infanrix® or Tripacel®		
Additional vaccine for children in WA, NT, SA, Qld ^d	Hepatitis A	Vaqta® Paediatric		
4 years	Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough), polio	Infanrix® IPV or Quadracel®		
Additional dose for children n WA, NT, SA, Qld and children with specified medical risk conditions ^c	• Pneumococcal ^e	Pneumovax 23®		
Additional vaccine for children in WA, NT, SA, QId ^f	• Hepatitis A	Vaqta® Paediatric		

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A joint Australian,	State a	and Territo	ory Government	Initiative

Indigenous adolescents (also see influenza vaccine) Human papillomavirus (HPV) ^h Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough) Meningococcal ACWY	Gardasil®9 Boostrix® Nimenrix®
 Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough) Meningococcal ACWY 	Boostrix®
	Nimenrix®
	<u>'</u>
Indigenous adults (also see influenza vaccine)	
Pneumococcal	Prevenar 13® and Pneumovax 23®
Shingles (herpes zoster)	Zostavax®
 Pertussis (whooping cough)^k Influenza^l 	Boostrix® or Adacel®
	 Shingles (herpes zoster) Pertussis (whooping cough)^k

All Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people 6 months and over

- a Hepatitis B vaccine: Should be given to all infants as soon as practicable after birth. The greatest benefit is if given within 24 hours, and must be given within 7 days.
- ^b Rotavirus vaccine: First dose must be given by 14 weeks of age, the second dose by 24 weeks of age.
- c Risk conditions are specified in the ATAGI clinical advice on changes to vaccine recommendations and funding for people with risk conditions from 1 July 2020.
- d First dose of the 2-dose hepatitis A vaccination schedule if not previously received a dose. The second dose is now scheduled at 4 years.
- e Administer first dose of 23vPPV at age 4 years, followed by second dose of 23vPPV at least 5 years later.
- f Not required if previously received 2 doses (first dose at age ≥12 months) at least 6 months apart.
- ⁹ Contact your state or territory health service for school grades eligible for vaccination.
- h Observe Gardasil®9 dosing schedules by age and at-risk conditions, 2 doses; 9 to <15 years-6 months minimum interval, 3 doses; ≥15 years and/or have certain medical conditions—0, 2 and 6 month schedule. Only 2 doses funded on the NIP unless a 12-<15 year old has certain medical risk factors.
- ¹ Administer a dose of 13vPCV, followed by first dose of 23vPPV 12 months later (2–12 months acceptable), then second dose of 23vPPV at least 5 years later.
- j All people aged 70 years old with a five year catch-up program for people aged 71–79 years old until 31 October 2021.
- k Single dose recommended each pregnancy, ideally between 20–32 weeks, but may be given up until delivery.
- Refer to annual ATAGI advice on seasonal influenza vaccines

All people aged less than 20 years are eligible for free catch-up vaccines. The number and range of vaccines and doses that are eligible for NIP funded catch-up is different for people aged less than 10 years and those aged 10-19 years. Refer to NIP catch-up fact sheets. Adult refugees and humanitarian entrants are eligible for free catch-up vaccines.

- Meningococcal B vaccine catch-up is available for all Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children <2 years of age for three years (until 30 June 2023) Refer to the Australian Immunisation Handbook (the Handbook) for dose intervals.
- People >12 months of age with conditions that increase their risk of pneumococcal disease require a dose of 13vPCV at diagnosis followed by 2 doses of 23vPPV. Refer to the Handbook for dose intervals. Not all risk conditions are funded under the NIP. For eligibility refer to the ATAGI clinical advice on changes to vaccine recommendations and funding for people with risk conditions from 1 July 2020.
- The NIP also funds vaccines for people of all ages with the following specified medical conditions (refer to the Handbook for dosing):
 - asplenia/hyposplenia (MenB, MenACWY, pneumococcal, and Hib if required)
 - complement deficiency (MenB, MenACWY)
- undergoing treatment with eculizumab (MenB, MenACWY)
- Contact your State and Territory Health Department for further information on any additional immunisation programs specific to your State or Territory.

For more information

health.gov.au/immunisation

State/Territory **Contact Number** Australian Capital Territory (02) 5124 9800 **New South Wales** 1300 066 055 Northern Territory (08) 8922 8044 Queensland 13 HEALTH (13 4325 84) South Australia 1300 232 272 Tasmania 1800 671 738 1300 882 008 Victoria Western Australia (08) 9321 1312